

Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund

ARSN 109 536 503

Annual Financial Report
For the year ended 30 June 2021

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Contents

	Page
Directors' report	2
Auditor's Independence Declaration	5
Statement of comprehensive income	6
Statement of financial position	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Statement of cash flows	9
Notes to the financial statements	11
Directors' declaration	26
Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund	27

Directors' report

The directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited, the Responsible Entity (the "Responsible Entity"), of the Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund (the "Scheme"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Scheme for the year ended 30 June 2021 and the auditor's report thereon.

Responsible Entity

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity and the Scheme is Level 10, 255 George Street Sydney, NSW 2000.

The directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Hugh Young (Resigned 15 April 2021)
 Brett Jollie
 Michelle Lopez
 Roneel Prasad
 Rene Buehlmann (Appointed 15 April 2021)

Principal activities

The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The Scheme continued to invest and trade in securities listed on emerging exchanges worldwide or companies and managed investment schemes with significant activities in emerging markets, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The overall investment objective of the Scheme is to provide investors with high capital growth over the medium to long term (3-5 years) by seeking exposure to emerging stock markets worldwide or companies with significant activities in emerging markets. The Scheme aims to outperform the MSCI Emerging Markets Index (AUD unhedged).

The Scheme did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Scheme's activities during the year.

Review and results of operations

Results

The performance of the Scheme, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Operating profit/(loss) (\$'000)	<u>206,408</u>	<u>(36,187)</u>
Distributions paid/payable (30 June) (\$'000)	<u>115,967</u>	<u>99,027</u>
Distributions (cents per unit)	<u>44.21</u>	<u>32.04</u>

Whilst there are uncertainties about how the pandemic will continue to develop, the Responsible Entity continues to actively monitor the operations and liquidity of the Scheme. Where applicable, the volatility in global and local capital markets resulting from the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic continues to be reflected in the valuation of the Scheme's investment portfolio and its financial results for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Directors' report (continued)

Interests of the Responsible Entity

The following fees were paid and payable to the Responsible Entity from the Scheme during the financial year:

	Year ended	
	30 June	30 June
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Management fees paid and payable by the Scheme	<u>9,869,913</u>	<u>11,672,053</u>

Valuation of assets

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Value of total Scheme assets as at 30 June	<u>685,886</u>	<u>687,082</u>

The basis for valuation of the Scheme's assets is disclosed in Note 2, Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

The unitholders of the Scheme approved resolutions to amend the Constitution of the Scheme at the Meeting of the Members of the Scheme held on 2 July 2020.

In the opinion of the Responsible Entity, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Scheme that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Since the balance sheet date, the associated economic impacts of COVID-19 remain uncertain. As the investments are measured at their 30 June 2021 fair values in the financial report, any volatility in values subsequent to the reporting date are not reflected in the statement of comprehensive income or the statement of financial position.

However, the current value of investments has been reflected in the current unit price.

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Scheme in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Scheme in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Scheme will continue to pursue its policy of increasing returns through active investment selection.

The result of the Scheme's operations may be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Scheme invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnity and insurance premiums of officers and auditors

Indemnity

Since the end of the previous financial year the Scheme has not been indemnified or made a relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, any person who is or has been an officer of the Responsible Entity or an auditor of the Scheme.

Insurance Premiums

During the financial year, the Responsible Entity paid a premium under a contract insuring each director of the Scheme against liability incurred in their respective capacities. Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause as stated in the insurance contract. The Responsible Entity has not provided any insurance to a related body corporate or to an auditor of the Scheme.

Directors' report (continued)

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Scheme are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Scheme is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 5 and forms part of the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2021.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Brett Jollie
Director

Sydney
14 September 2021



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited, the
Responsible Entity for the Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

Andrew Reeves
Partner

Sydney
14 September 2021

Statement of comprehensive income

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2021	2020
		\$'000	\$'000
Investment income			
Interest income		-	74
Distribution and dividend income		14,210	18,834
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	204,778	(40,884)
Net foreign exchange gains		38	12
Total net investment income		<u>219,026</u>	<u>(21,964)</u>
Expenses			
Management fees	14	9,870	11,672
Transaction costs		877	980
Withholding tax expense		1,858	1,569
Other operating expenses		13	2
Total operating expenses		<u>12,618</u>	<u>14,223</u>
Profit/(loss) from operating activities		<u>206,408</u>	<u>(36,187)</u>
Finance costs			
Distributions to unitholders	8	(115,967)	(99,027)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	7	90,441	(135,214)
Profit/(loss)		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

		As at	
		30 June	30 June
		2021	2020
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	6,228	5,206
Receivables	12	2,189	2,473
Applications receivable		185	73
Balances due from brokers		420	1,797
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	<u>676,864</u>	<u>677,533</u>
Total assets		<u>685,886</u>	<u>687,082</u>
Liabilities			
Payables	13	2,050	1,104
Redemptions payable		1,909	2,448
Distributions payable	8	105,352	83,084
Balances due to brokers		<u>625</u>	<u>966</u>
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		<u>109,936</u>	<u>87,602</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	7	<u>575,950</u>	<u>599,480</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 30 June 2021

The Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. As such, the Scheme has no equity and no items of changes in equity have been presented for the current or comparative year.

Statement of cash flows

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2021	2020
		\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments		410,247	446,965
Payments for purchase of financial instruments		(203,764)	(283,363)
Distributions and dividends received		14,544	19,760
Interest received		1	84
GST received		82	188
Management fees paid		(9,055)	(12,036)
Withholding tax paid		(1,858)	(1,569)
Transaction costs paid		(878)	(977)
Proceeds from / (payments for) foreign exchange movements		(1)	-
Other operating expenses paid		(13)	(2)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	10(a)	209,305	169,050
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		68,012	110,277
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(193,249)	(220,838)
Distributions paid		(83,084)	(65,008)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(208,321)	(175,569)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		984	(6,519)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		5,206	11,713
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		38	12
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9	6,228	5,206

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Contents of the notes to the financial statements

	Page	
1	General information	11
2	Summary of significant accounting policies	11
3	Financial risk management	15
4	Fair value measurement	18
5	Net gains/(losses) from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	20
6	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	20
7	Net assets attributable to unitholders	21
8	Distributions to unitholders	21
9	Cash and cash equivalents	21
10	Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	22
11	Remuneration of auditors	22
12	Receivables	22
13	Payables	22
14	Related party transactions	23
15	Structured entities	25
16	Events occurring after the reporting period	25
17	Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments	25

1 General information

This annual financial report covers Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund (the "Scheme") as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 10, 255 George Street Sydney, NSW 2000. The financial statements are presented in Australian currency.

The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001*. In accordance with the Scheme's Constitution, it commenced on 30 October 2003 and will terminate on the day immediately preceding the 80th anniversary of its commencement date, unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution (as amended).

The Scheme continued to invest and trade in securities listed on emerging exchanges worldwide or companies and managed investment schemes with significant activities in emerging markets, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The overall investment objective of the Scheme is to provide investors with high capital growth over the medium to long term (3-5 years) by seeking exposure to emerging stock markets worldwide or companies with significant activities in emerging markets. The Scheme aims to outperform the MSCI Emerging Markets Index (AUD unhedged).

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 14 September 2021. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of this financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund is a for-profit Scheme for the purpose of preparing the financial report.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Scheme manages financial assets based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unitholder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) *Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)*

The financial report of the Scheme complies with IFRS and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(ii) *New and amended accounting standards adopted by the Scheme*

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2020 that have a material impact on the Scheme.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

- Financial assets

The Scheme classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The Scheme's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Scheme's documented investment strategy, together with other related financial information.

Equity securities and unlisted managed investment schemes are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For equity securities, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of these assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

- Financial liabilities

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (distributions payable, due to brokers, management fees payable and other payables).

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

The Scheme recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Scheme has transferred substantially all risk and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Scheme measures financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

(i) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under AASBs, e.g. for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions, such as gains and losses from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders. The units are classified as financial liabilities as the Scheme is required to distribute its distributable income. The units can be put back to the Scheme at any time for cash based on the redemption price. The carrying value of redeemable units is measured as the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the end of the reporting period if unitholders exercised their right to put the units back to the Scheme.

Under AASB 132 Financial instruments: Presentation, puttable financial instruments are classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The units issued by the Scheme did not meet the criteria as they have contractual obligations to distribute and therefore have been classified as a liability.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Specific instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

(e) Investment income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents.

(f) Distribution and dividend income

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense.

Trust distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as distribution income when declared.

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income within dividend income and distribution income when the Scheme's right to receive payments is established.

(g) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(h) Foreign exchange gains and losses

Foreign exchange gains and losses on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised together with other changes in the fair value. Included in the statement of comprehensive income line item, net changes in financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss are net foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets and financial liabilities.

(i) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Scheme is not subject to income tax provided the taxable income of the Scheme is fully distributed either by way of cash or reinvestment (i.e. unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Scheme).

Financial instruments at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Scheme is not subject to capital gains tax.

(j) Distributions

In accordance with the Scheme's Constitution, the Scheme fully distributes its distributable (taxable) income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders. Distributions paid are included in cash flows from financing activities in the statement of cash flows.

(k) Change in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in the statement of comprehensive income as change in net assets attributable to unitholders.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(l) Foreign currency translation

i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Scheme's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Scheme competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Scheme's presentation currency.

ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Material foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Scheme does not isolate that portion of gains or losses on securities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss, and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(m) Balances due from/to brokers

These amounts represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted but not yet delivered by the end of the reporting period. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within three business days. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Scheme will not be able to collect all amounts in full. The due from brokers balances is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost which is described in note 2(n) receivables.

(n) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for equity income and other receivables. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(e) above. Trust distributions and dividends are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(o) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Scheme which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each reporting period is recognised separately on the statement of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income as declared under the Scheme's Constitution.

(p) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Scheme are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Scheme. Redemptions from the Scheme are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

(q) Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Scheme by third parties such as investment management fees have been passed on to the Scheme. The Scheme qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) hence investment management fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Payable are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(r) Use of estimates

The Scheme makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Scheme's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available.

Other financial instruments, including amounts receivable/payable for securities sold and purchased, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments. Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are measured are disclosed in Note 4.

Expected credit loss did not have a material impact on the Scheme. Please see note 3 for more information on credit risk.

(s) Rounding of amounts

The Scheme is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

3 Financial risk management

The Scheme's activities expose it to a variety of risks: market risk (including price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Scheme's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Scheme's Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Scheme is exposed. Compliance with the Scheme's PDS requirements are monitored, and results are reported periodically to senior management and the Scheme's Compliance Committee.

The Scheme uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risk and currency risks.

While the COVID-19 pandemic has caused uncertainty and market volatility during the period, the Responsible Entity has continued to follow its established policies and process (as set out in this note) in managing risk and determining the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities as at the reporting date. No changes were required to the principles used in applying the fair value measurement hierarchy to financial assets and liabilities held, with each asset and liability continuing to be classified in a manner which reflects the significance and observability of the inputs used in the valuation.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that losses may result from adverse movements in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices, commodity prices and other market metrics. The Scheme's level of market risk is predominantly defined by potential changes in the values of financial instruments in response to movements in the markets. A typical transaction may be exposed to a number of different market risks.

(i) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will change because of movements in market prices. The Scheme's investments are in securities listed on emerging exchanges worldwide or companies and managed investment schemes with significant activities in emerging markets, with the result that the Scheme is exposed to direct price risk from market movements in international shares and changes in the Scheme's unit prices.

The Investment Manager mitigates price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments with specified limits. Between 90% and 100% of the net assets attributable to unitholders are invested in securities listed on emerging exchanges worldwide or companies and managed investment schemes with significant activities in emerging markets.

The table in note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase / decrease of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index (AUD unhedged) on the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2021. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the index increased / decreased by 15% (2020: 15%) with all other variables held constant and that the fair value of the Scheme's portfolio of equity securities and derivatives moved according to the historical correlation with the index. The impact mainly arises from the possible change in the fair value of listed equities.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the change to the value of Australian dollar, relative to other currencies. Primarily the Scheme's investments are all in listed international shares denominated in local currencies. As a result, the Scheme is directly exposed to movements in foreign exchange rates as well as indirectly exposed to movements in the individual currencies of the underlying investments.

Currency hedging of the Schemes may vary between 0-50%.

The table below summarises the Scheme's main assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

	30 June 2021					
	Hong Kong Dollars	US Dollars	Indian Rupees	Korean Won	Chinese Yuan	New Taiwan Dollars
	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	7	16	32	-	-	-
Balances due from brokers	420	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables	508	378	272	229	-	208
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	197,488	65,858	70,898	83,968	68,400	74,870
Balances due to brokers	(138)	-	-	-	-	-
Payables	(1)	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>198,284</u>	<u>66,252</u>	<u>71,202</u>	<u>84,197</u>	<u>68,400</u>	<u>75,078</u>

Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from spot foreign currency contracts

- buy foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
- sell foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

	30 June 2020					
	Hong Kong Dollars	US Dollars	Indian Rupees	Korean Won	Chinese Yuan	New Taiwan Dollars
	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000	A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	-	861	-	-	-	-
Applications receivable	-	169	-	-	-	-
Receivables	519	540	39	320	-	291
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	192,948	147,345	73,827	73,158	21,476	46,085
Balances due to brokers	-	(472)	-	-	-	-
	<u>193,467</u>	<u>148,443</u>	<u>73,866</u>	<u>73,478</u>	<u>21,476</u>	<u>46,376</u>

Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from spot foreign currency contracts

- buy foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
- sell foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The Scheme also holds investments to the value of \$114,942,716 in other currencies (30 June 2020: \$124,051,517). These currencies are individually less than 10% of the net assets attributable to unitholders (30 June 2020: 10%).

The table in Note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of movements in the foreign exchange rates by 10% on the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders and profit/(loss) from operating activities at 30 June 2021 (2020:10%).

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Scheme invests mainly in listed international shares denominated in currencies other than Australian dollars which are non-interest bearing and as such the Scheme is not exposed to significant levels of interest rate risk.

The Scheme holds cash for liquidity and transactional purposes and this cash is held at floating interest rates. As a result, the Scheme is subject to a limited exposure to interest rate risks due to fluctuations in the levels of market interest rates.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Scheme's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to price risk and currency risk. The Scheme has little to no sensitivities to interest rate risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in price and foreign exchange rates, historical correlation of the Scheme's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Scheme invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Price risk	
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders	
	+15%	-15%
	(MSCI Emerging Markets Index (AUD unhedged))	
	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2021	101,530	(101,530)
30 June 2020	101,630	(101,630)

	Currency risk					
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders					
	10%	-10%	10%	-10%	10%	-10%
	Hong Kong Dollars	Hong Kong Dollars	US Dollars	US Dollars	Indian Rupees	Indian Rupees
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2021	(18,026)	22,032	(6,023)	7,361	(6,473)	7,911
30 June 2020	(17,588)	21,496	(13,495)	16,494	(6,715)	8,207

	Currency risk					
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders					
	10%	-10%	10%	-10%	10%	-10%
	Korean Won	Korean Won	Chinese Yuan	Chinese Yuan	New Taiwan Dollars	New Taiwan Dollars
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2021	(7,654)	9,355	(6,218)	7,600	(6,825)	8,342
30 June 2020	(6,680)	8,164	(1,952)	2,386	(4,216)	5,153

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss being incurred as the result of a borrower or counterparty failing to meet its financial obligations. In the event of a default, an investor generally incurs a loss equal to the amount owed by the debtor, less any recoveries resulting from foreclosure, liquidation of the collateral or restructuring of the obligation.

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts when they fall due. The Scheme is exposed to counterparty credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and receivables for securities sold. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired. The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and call deposits is low as all counterparties engaged with are investment grade or higher. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Scheme.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets. There are no other significant credit risk exposures. Compliance with the relevant policies are monitored and reported to senior management and the Compliance Committee on a regular basis.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

The Scheme is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Therefore, it primarily holds equity securities that can be traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. It invests only a limited proportion of its assets in investments not actively traded on major international stock exchanges. To support this activity, the Scheme may, from time to time, invest in exchange traded derivative contracts.

As a result, the Scheme is normally able to quickly liquidate its investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet its liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as a deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer.

The relevant policies are to hold up to 10% of the net assets attributable to unitholders in cash. Compliance with the relevant policies is monitored and reported to senior management and the Compliance Committee on a regular basis.

The table below analyses the Scheme's financial liabilities into relevant maturity buckets based on the remaining period to the earliest possible contractual maturity date at the end of the reporting period. The amounts in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000
At 30 June 2021				
Distributions payable	105,352	-	-	-
Redemptions payable	1,909	-	-	-
Balances due to brokers	625	-	-	-
Payables	2,050	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>575,950</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>685,886</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	1-2 years \$'000
At 30 June 2020				
Distributions payable	83,084	-	-	-
Redemptions payable	2,448	-	-	-
Balances due to brokers	966	-	-	-
Payables	1,104	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>599,480</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>687,082</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

(e) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Responsible Entity's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Scheme's operations.

The objective of the Responsible Entity of the Scheme is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to its reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

4 Fair value measurement

The Scheme measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) (see Note 6)

The Scheme has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. For the majority of its investments, the Scheme relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities is the last traded price. Where the last traded price does not fall within the bid-ask spread, an assessment is performed by management to determine the appropriate valuation price to use that is most representative of fair value.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Scheme would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the reporting period taking into account the current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions. The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Scheme holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

Recognised fair value measurement

The following table presents the Scheme's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020:

As at 30 June 2021	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed international equity securities	676,864	-	-	676,864
Total	676,864	-	-	676,864
As at 30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed international equity securities	636,018	-	-	636,018
Unlisted managed investment schemes	-	41,515	-	41,515
Total	636,018	41,515	-	677,533

(i) Transfers between levels

The Scheme's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between the levels for the year ended 30 June 2021 and year ended 30 June 2020. There were also no changes made to any of the valuation techniques applied as of 30 June 2021.

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

Recognised fair value measurements (continued)

(ii) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The Scheme did not hold any financial instruments with fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs during the year ended 30 June 2021 or year ended 30 June 2020.

(iii) Valuation processes

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly by management to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as being level 3 securities. Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identification. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation model, management performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Changes in allocation to or from level 3 are analysed at the end of each reporting period.

(iv) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

5 Net gains/(losses) from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Financial assets		
Net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	204,778	(40,884)
Total net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	204,778	(40,884)

6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Listed international equity securities	676,864	636,018
Unlisted managed investment schemes	-	41,515
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	676,864	677,533

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

7 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

As stipulated within the Scheme's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Scheme and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Scheme. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Scheme.

The Scheme classifies the net assets attributable to unitholders as financial liability as the puttable financial instruments do not satisfy all the criteria set out under AASB 132 (refer to note 2(c)).

	Year ended			
	30 June 2021 No.'000	30 June 2020 No.'000	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Opening balance	317,502	359,128	599,480	829,563
Applications	30,341	47,237	68,124	110,014
Redemptions	(86,005)	(97,305)	(192,710)	(220,826)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	4,915	8,442	10,615	15,943
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	90,441	(135,214)
Closing balance	266,753	317,502	575,950	599,480

Capital risk management

The Scheme considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Scheme is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Scheme's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Scheme Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

8 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions paid/payable for the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2021 CPU	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2020 CPU
Distributions paid (June)	10,615	44.21	15,943	32.04
Distributions payable (June)	105,352	44.21	83,084	32.04
Total distributions	115,967		99,027	

9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Cash at bank	6,171	4,344
Foreign currency deposits	57	862
	6,228	5,206

10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) from operating activities	206,408	(36,187)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments	410,247	446,965
Payments for purchase of financial instruments	(203,764)	(283,363)
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(204,778)	40,884
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(38)	(12)
Net change in receivables	284	1,077
Net change in payables	946	(314)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	209,305	169,050
(b) Non-cash financing activities		
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	10,615	15,943
	10,615	15,943

11 Remuneration of the auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Scheme:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Audit services - KPMG		
<i>Audit Services</i>		
Audit and review of financial report and compliance plan	16,575	16,575
Total remuneration - KPMG	16,575	16,575

Auditor's remuneration for the Scheme is paid by the Responsible Entity, and has not been re-charged to the Scheme.

12 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Distributions and dividends receivable	1,644	1,978
Interest receivable	-	1
GST receivable	150	232
Receivable on spot foreign currency contracts	395	262
	2,189	2,473

13 Payables

	As at	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Management fees payable	1,652	837
Transaction costs payable	3	4
Payable on spot foreign currency contracts	395	263
	2,050	1,104

14 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited (ABN 59 002 123 364). The owner of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited is Standard Life Aberdeen PLC (public limited company) in the United Kingdom.

The directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Hugh Young (Resigned 15 April 2021)
Brett Jollie
Michelle Lopez
Roneel Prasad
Rene Buehlmann (Appointed 15 April 2021)

Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Scheme, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

Key management personnel unitholdings

30 June 2021	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair Value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired/ (disposed) (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme (\$)
Michelle Lopez	-	6,197	14,814	0.00	6,197	2,752
Brett Jollie	-	2,365	5,096	0.00	2,365	869
30 June 2020	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair Value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired/ (disposed) (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme (\$)
Michelle Lopez	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brett Jollie	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key management personnel compensation

The Scheme does not employ personnel in its own right. However it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Scheme and this is considered the Key Management Personnel (the "KMP"). The directors of the Responsible Entity are KMP of that company and have been disclosed above.

The Responsible Entity is entitled to a management fee which is calculated as a proportion of net assets attributable to unitholders.

No compensation is paid to directors or directly by the Scheme to any KMP of the Responsible Entity.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Scheme has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

14 Related party transactions (continued)

Other transactions within the Scheme

From time to time directors of the Responsible Entity, or their related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Scheme. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Scheme investors.

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no directors have entered into a material contract with the Scheme since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

Responsible Entity's/ Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Scheme's Constitution and the current Product Disclosure Statement for the Scheme, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive management fees monthly of up to 1.5000% per annum (2020: 1.5000%) of the net asset value of the Scheme.

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Scheme and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Management fee for the year incurred by the Scheme	9,869,913	11,672,053
Management fee for the year payable by the Scheme	1,652,466	837,431

Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Scheme (including the Responsible Entity, its related parties and other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity), held units in the Scheme as follows:

30 June 2021	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Interest held %	Number of units acquired (Units)	Number of units disposed (Units)	Distributions paid/ payable by the Scheme \$'000
Aberdeen Multi Asset Real Return Fund	3,209,846	1,942,425	0.73	330,526	(1,597,947)	714
30 June 2020	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Interest held %	Number of units acquired (Units)	Number of units disposed (Units)	Distributions paid/ payable by the Scheme \$'000
Aberdeen Multi Asset Real Return Fund	1,765,562	3,209,846	1.01	1,843,471	(399,187)	879

Investments

The Scheme held investments in the following schemes which are also managed by the Responsible Entity or its related parties:

	Fair value of investment \$'000		Interest held %		Distributions received or receivable during year \$'000	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Aberdeen Global China A Share Equity Fund	-	41,515	-	5.14	-	-
Total	-	41,515	-	5.14	-	-

15 Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements.

Involvement with unconsolidated structured entities

The Scheme has concluded that unlisted investment funds in which it invests, but that it does not consolidate, meet the definition of structured entities because:

- the voting rights in the Scheme are not dominant rights in deciding who controls them as they relate to administrative tasks only;
- each fund's activities are restricted by its prospectus; and
- the Scheme have narrow and well-defined objectives to provide investment opportunities to investors.

The table below describes the types of underlying investments of the Scheme by investment strategy.

Investment Strategy	Fair Value as at 30 June 2021 \$'000	Fair Value as at 30 June 2020 \$'000
Aberdeen Global India Equity Fund	-	-
Aberdeen Global China A Share Equity Fund	-	41,515
Total	-	41,515

The above investments are disclosed under financial assets at fair value through profit and loss.

The above table lists the fair value of each investment strategy as at 30 June 2021. The maximum exposure or loss is limited to the fair value of the investment strategy as at 30 June 2021. The fair value of the exposure will change on a daily basis throughout the period and in subsequent periods and will cease once the investments are disposed.

The investments of the Scheme are managed in accordance with the investment mandates with the respective underlying investment managers. The investment decisions of the Scheme are based on the analysis conducted by the investment manager. The return of the Scheme is exposed to the variability of the performance of the underlying investment strategies. The underlying investment managers receive a management fee for undertaking the management of these investments.

16 Events occurring after the reporting period

Since the balance sheet date, the associated impacts of COVID-19 remain uncertain. As the investments are measured at their 30 June 2021 fair values in the financial report, any volatility in values subsequent to the end of the reporting period is not reflected in the statement of comprehensive income or the statement of financial position. However the current value of investments has been reflected in the current unit price.

No other significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact the financial position of the Scheme disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021 or on the results and cash flows of the Scheme for the year ended on that date.

17 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited, the Responsible Entity of Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund (the "Scheme"):

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 25, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date;
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors draw attention to Note 2(a) to the financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited:



Brett Jollie
Director

Sydney
14 September 2021



Independent Auditor's Report

To the unitholders of Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund

Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Fund (the Scheme).

In our opinion, the accompanying **Financial Report** of the Scheme is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021;
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income;
- Statement of changes in equity, and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies; and
- Directors' Declaration

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme and the Responsible Entity in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in the issuer of the Scheme's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited (the Responsible Entity) are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing and Assurance Standards Board* website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.



KPMG



Andrew Reeves
Partner

Sydney
14 September 2021

Directory

Responsible Entity

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