

Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International Equities Fund

ARSN 088 905 033

Annual Financial Report
For the year ended 30 June 2021

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Directors' report

The directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited, the Responsible Entity (the "Responsible Entity") of the Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International Equities Fund (the "Scheme"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Scheme for the year ended 30 June 2021 and the auditor's report thereon.

Responsible Entity

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity and the Scheme is Level 10, 255 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

The directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Hugh Young (Resigned 15 April 2021)
Brett Jollie
Michelle Lopez
Roneel Prasad
Rene Buehlmann (Appointed 15 April 2021)

Principal activities

The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The Scheme continued to invest in international equity securities in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The overall investment objective of the Scheme is to provide investors with high capital growth over the medium to long term by seeking exposure to companies listed on securities exchanges around the world. The Scheme aims to outperform the MSCI All Countries World Accumulation Index (ex Australia) ("MSCI Index") over the suggested investment time frame (5 years plus).

The Scheme did not have any employees during the year.

Directors' report (continued)

Review and results of operations

Results

The performance of the Scheme, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Operating profit/(loss) (\$'000)	<u>94,457</u>	<u>19,019</u>
Distributions paid (31 January) (\$'000)*	-	127
Distributions (cents per unit)	-	0.51
Distributions paid/payable (30 June) (\$'000)	<u>86</u>	<u>5,792</u>
Distributions (cents per unit)	0.09	5.15

*On 31st January 2020, a significant redemption was made by a unit holder which was greater than 5% of the net asset value of the Scheme. Due to this significant redemption, a portion of the withdrawal proceeds represented distributable income to the redeeming unitholder.

Whilst there are uncertainties about how the pandemic will continue to develop, the RE continues to actively monitor the operations and liquidity of the scheme. Where applicable, the volatility in global and local capital markets resulting from the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic continues to be reflected in the valuation of the Scheme's investment portfolio and its financial results for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Interests of the Responsible Entity

The following fees were paid and payable to the Responsible Entity from the Scheme during the financial year.

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Management fees paid and payable by the Scheme	<u>3,978,180</u>	<u>4,633,786</u>

Valuation of assets

	As at	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Value of total Scheme assets as at 30 June	<u>418,221</u>	<u>412,325</u>

The basis for valuation of the Scheme's assets is disclosed in Note 2, Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

The Responsible Entity has appointed Citigroup Global Markets Australia Pty Limited to provide Unit registry services to the Scheme. Citi Group have officially replaced RBC Investor & Treasury Services effective from 10 August 2020.

Directors' report (continued)

Significant changes in the state of affairs (continued)

In the opinion of the Responsible Entity, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Scheme that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Since the balance sheet date, the associated economic impacts of COVID-19 remain uncertain. As the investments are measured at their 30 June 2021 fair values in the financial report, any volatility in values subsequent to the reporting date are not reflected in the statement of comprehensive income or the statement of financial position.

However the current value of investments has been reflected in the current unit price.

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Scheme in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Scheme in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Scheme will continue to pursue its policy of increasing returns through active investment selection.

The results of the Scheme's operations may be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Schemes invest. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnity and insurance premiums of officers and auditors

Indemnity

Since the end of the previous financial year the Scheme has not been indemnified or made a relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, any person who is or has been an officer of the Responsible Entity or an auditor of the Scheme.

Insurance Premiums

During the financial year, the Responsible Entity paid a premium under a contract insuring each director of the Scheme against liability incurred in their respective capacities. Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause as stated in the insurance contract. The Responsible Entity has not provided any insurance to a related body corporate or to an auditor of the Scheme.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Scheme are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Scheme is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6 and forms part of the director's report for the year ended 30 June 2021.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Brett Jollie
Director

Sydney
14 September 2021



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited, the
Responsible Entity for the Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International
Equities Fund

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Aberdeen Standard
Actively Hedged International Equities Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the
Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

Andrew Reeves
Partner

Sydney
14 September 2021

Statement of comprehensive income

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		\$'000	\$'000
Investment income			
Interest income		-	3
Dividend income		4,986	8,434
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	94,445	14,729
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		(332)	1,846
Other operating income		1	6
Total net investment income		<u>99,100</u>	<u>25,018</u>
Expenses			
Management fees	14	3,978	4,634
Transaction costs		249	308
Withholding tax expense		407	979
Other operating expenses		9	78
Total operating expenses		<u>4,643</u>	<u>5,999</u>
Profit/(loss) from operating activities		<u>94,457</u>	<u>19,019</u>
Finance costs			
Distributions to unitholders	8	(86)	(5,919)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	7	94,371	13,100
Profit/(loss)		-	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income		-	-

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

		As at	
	Notes	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	6,452	2,266
Receivables	12	3,914	5,103
Applications receivable		111	36
Balances due from brokers		-	1,182
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	<u>407,744</u>	<u>403,738</u>
Total assets		<u>418,221</u>	<u>412,325</u>
Liabilities			
Payables	13	467	1,500
Redemptions payable		737	559
Distributions payable	8	<u>70</u>	<u>4,395</u>
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		<u>1,274</u>	<u>6,454</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	7	<u>416,947</u>	<u>405,871</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 30 June 2021

The Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. As such, the Scheme has no equity and no items of changes in equity have been presented for the current or comparative year.

Statement of cash flows

	Notes	Year ended	
		30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments		170,558	252,055
Payments for purchase of financial instruments		(78,798)	(129,643)
Dividends received		4,590	8,016
Interest received		-	4
Other income received		4	-
Management fees paid		(3,978)	(4,680)
Other operating expenses paid		(255)	(393)
Proceeds from / (payments for) foreign exchange movements		(612)	1,846
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	10(a)	<u>91,509</u>	<u>127,205</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		10,683	14,593
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(93,891)	(137,383)
Distributions paid		(4,395)	(7,715)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(87,603)</u>	<u>(130,505)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,906	(3,300)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,266	5,566
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		280	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9	<u>6,452</u>	<u>2,266</u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Contents of the notes to the financial statements

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1 General information

This annual financial report covers Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International Equities Fund (the "Scheme") as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 10, 255 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000. The financial statements are presented in Australian currency.

The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001*. In accordance with the Schemes' Constitution, it commenced on 1st February 1993 and will terminate on the day immediately preceding the 80th anniversary of its commencement date, unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution (as amended).

The Scheme continued to invest in international equity securities in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The overall investment objective of the Scheme is to provide investors with high capital growth over the medium to long term by seeking exposure to companies listed on securities exchanges around the world. The Scheme aims to outperform the MSCI All Countries World Accumulation Index (ex Australia) ("MSCI Index") over the suggested investment time frame (5 years plus).

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 14 September 2021. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International Equities Fund is a for-profit Scheme for the purpose of preparing the financial report.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Scheme manages financial assets based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unitholder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial report of the Scheme complies with IFRS and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(ii) New and amended accounting standards adopted by the Scheme

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2020 that have a material impact on the Scheme.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

- Financial assets

The Scheme classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The Scheme's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Scheme's documented investment strategy, together with other related financial information.

Equity securities and derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For equity securities, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of these assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

- Financial liabilities

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (distributions payable, due to brokers, management fees payable and other payables).

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

The Scheme recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Schemes have transferred substantially all of the risk and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Scheme measures financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under AASBs, e.g. for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions, such as gains and losses from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders. The units are classified as financial liabilities as the Scheme is required to distribute its distributable income. The units can be put back to the Scheme at any time for cash based on the redemption price. The carrying value of redeemable units is measured as the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the end of the reporting period if unitholders exercised their right to put the units back to the Scheme.

Under AASB 132 Financial instruments: Presentation, puttable financial instruments are classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The units issued by the Scheme did not meet the criteria as they have contractual obligations to distribute and therefore have been classified as a liability.

(d) Specific instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Securities purchased under agreements to resell (reverse repurchase agreements) are reported not as purchases of the securities, but as receivables and are carried in the statement of financial position at amortised cost.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

(e) Investment income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents.

Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities.

Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

(f) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense.

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income within dividend income and distribution income when the Scheme's right to receive payments is established.

(g) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Foreign exchange gains and losses

Foreign exchange gains and losses on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised together with other changes in the fair value. Included in the statement of comprehensive income line item, net changes in financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are net foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets and financial liabilities.

(i) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Scheme is not subject to income tax provided the taxable income of the Scheme is fully distributed either by way of cash or reinvestment (i.e. unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Scheme).

Financial instruments at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Scheme is not subject to capital gains tax.

(j) Distributions

In accordance with the Scheme's Constitution, the Scheme fully distributes its distributable (taxable) income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders. Distributions paid are included in cash flows from financing activities in the statement of cash flows.

(k) Change in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in the statement of comprehensive income as change in net assets attributable to unitholders.

(l) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Scheme's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Scheme competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Scheme's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Material foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Scheme does not isolate that portion of gains or losses on securities and derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss, and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(m) Balances due from/to brokers

These amounts represent margin accounts and receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted but not yet delivered by the end of the reporting period. Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within three business days. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Scheme will not be able to collect all amounts in full. The due from brokers balances is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost which is described at Note 2(n) receivables.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(n) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for equity income and other receivables. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(e) above. Trust distributions and dividends are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Receivables also include amounts receivable as a result of the Scheme entering into foreign currency spot contracts. Foreign currency spot contracts are primarily used by the Scheme for the purposes of trading settlements where the Scheme agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on the spot date.

(o) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Scheme which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each reporting period is recognised separately on the statement of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income as declared under the Scheme's Constitution.

Payables also include amounts payable as a result of the Scheme entering into foreign currency spot contracts. Foreign currency spot contracts are primarily used by the Scheme for the purposes of trading settlements where the Scheme agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on the spot date.

(p) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Scheme are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Scheme. Redemptions from the Scheme are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

(q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Scheme by third parties such as investment management fees have been passed onto the Scheme. The Scheme qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) hence investment management fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(r) Use of estimates

The Scheme makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Scheme's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(r) Use of estimates (continued)

Certain financial instruments, for example, over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them. Models are calibrated by back-testing to actual transactions to ensure that outputs are reliable.

Other financial instruments, including amounts receivable/payable for securities sold and purchased, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments. Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are measured are disclosed in Note 4.

Expected credit loss did not have a material impact on the Scheme. Please see Note 3 for more information on credit risk.

(s) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

(t) Rounding of amounts

The Scheme is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

3 Financial risk management

The Scheme's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Scheme's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Scheme's Product Disclosure Statement (**PDS**) and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Scheme is exposed. Compliance with the Scheme's PDS requirements is monitored, and results are reported periodically to senior management and the Scheme's Compliance Committee.

The Scheme uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risk and currency risks.

While the COVID-19 pandemic has caused uncertainty and market volatility during the period, the Responsible Entity has continued to follow its established policies and process (as set out in this note) in managing risk and determining the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities as at the reporting date. No changes were required to the principles used in applying the fair value measurement hierarchy to financial assets and liabilities held, with each asset and liability continuing to be classified in a manner which reflects the significance and observability of the inputs used in the valuation.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that losses may result from adverse movements in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices, commodity prices and other market metrics. The Scheme's level of market risk is predominantly defined by potential changes in the values of financial instruments in response to movements in the markets. A typical transaction may be exposed to a number of different market risks.

(i) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will change because of movements in market prices. The Scheme's investments are primarily in listed international equities with the result that the Scheme is exposed to direct price risk from market movements in international equities that may result in changes in the Scheme's investments.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price risk (continued)

The Investment Manager aims to mitigate price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits. Between 90% and 100% of the net assets attributable to unitholders are invested in International equity securities.

The table in Note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of the MSCI All Countries World Accumulation Index (ex Australia) ("MSCI" Index) on the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2021. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the index increased/decreased by 15% (2020: 15%) with all other variables held constant and that the fair value of the Scheme's portfolio of listed equity securities and derivatives moved in correlation with the index. The impact mainly arises from the possible change in the fair value of listed equities.

(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the change to the value of the Australian dollar, relative to other currencies. Primarily the Scheme's investments are listed international equities denominated in local currencies. As a result, the Scheme is directly exposed to movements in foreign exchange rates.

Currency hedging of the Scheme's may vary between 0-50%.

The table below summarises the Scheme's main assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

30 June 2021	US Dollars A\$ '000	GBP A\$ '000	EUR A\$ '000	Other currencies A\$ '000
Cash and cash equivalents	106	1,394	-	392
Receivables	18	-	376	3,348
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	220,516	48,922	39,227	119,079
Payables	-	-	-	(150)
	<u>200,640</u>	<u>50,316</u>	<u>39,603</u>	<u>122,669</u>
30 June 2020	US Dollars A\$ '000	GBP A\$ '000	EUR A\$ '000	Other currencies A\$ '000
Cash and cash equivalents	67	143	-	18
Receivables	101	-	388	3,403
Balances due from brokers	-	-	-	1,182
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	205,498	38,831	28,171	131,238
	<u>205,666</u>	<u>38,974</u>	<u>28,559</u>	<u>135,841</u>

The Scheme also holds \$122,669 in other currencies (30 June 2020: \$135,841). These currencies are individually less than 10% of net assets attributable to unitholders.(2020: 10%)

The table in Note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of movements in the foreign exchange rates direct exposure by 10% on the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders and profit/(loss) from operating activities at 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: 10%).

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Scheme invests mainly in listed international shares denominated in currencies other than Australian dollars which are non-interest bearing and as such the Scheme is not exposed to significant levels of interest rate risk.

The Scheme holds cash for liquidity and transactional purposes and this cash is held at floating interest rates. As a result, the Scheme is subject to a limited exposure to interest rate risks due to fluctuations in the levels of market interest rates.

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Scheme's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to currency risk and other price risk. The Scheme has little to no sensitivities to interest rate risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in price and interest rates, historical correlation of the Scheme's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the Scheme invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

	Price risk	
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders	
	-15%	+15%
	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2021	(61,162)	61,162
30 June 2020	(60,561)	60,561

	Currency risk					
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders					
	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%
	USD	USD	GBP	GBP	EUR	EUR
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30 June 2021	22,293	(18,240)	5,591	(4,574)	4,400	(3,600)
30 June 2020	22,852	(18,697)	4,330	(3,543)	3,173	(2,596)

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss being incurred as the result of a borrower or counterparty failing to meet its financial obligations. In the event of default, an investor generally incurs a loss equal to the amount owed by the debtor, less any recoveries resulting from foreclosure, liquidation of the collateral or restructuring of the obligation.

Credit risk primarily arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all the counterparties engaged with are investment grade or higher. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Scheme.

All counterparties are included on the Approved Counterparty list and are determined to be investment grade or higher.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

The Scheme is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Therefore, it primarily holds equity securities that can be readily disposed. It invests only a limited proportion of its assets in investments not actively traded on major international stock exchanges. To support this activity, the Scheme may, from time to time, invest in exchange traded derivative contracts.

As a result, the Scheme is normally able to quickly liquidate its investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet its liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer.

The relevant policies are to hold up to 10% of the net assets attributable to unitholders in cash. Compliance with the relevant policies is monitored and reported to senior management and the Compliance Committee on a regular basis.

The table below analyses the Scheme's financial liabilities into relevant maturity buckets based on the remaining period to the earliest possible contractual maturity date at the end of the reporting period. The amounts in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

As at 30 June 2021	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	No stated maturity \$'000
Payables	467	-	-	-	-
Redemptions payable	737	-	-	-	-
Distributions payable	70	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>416,947</u>	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>418,221</u>	-	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2020	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	No stated maturity \$'000
Payables	1,500	-	-	-	-
Redemptions payable	559	-	-	-	-
Distributions payable	4,395	-	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders	<u>405,871</u>	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>412,325</u>	-	-	-	-

(e) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Responsible Entity's processes, personal, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Scheme's operations.

The objective of the Responsible Entity of the Scheme is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to its reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

4 Fair value measurement

The Scheme measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) (see Note 6)

The Scheme has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

(i) *Fair value in an active market (level 1)*

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. For the majority of its investments, the Scheme relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities is the last traded price. Where the last traded price does not fall within the bid-ask spread, an assessment is performed by management to determine the appropriate valuation price to use that is most representative of fair value.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Recognised fair value measurement

The following table presents the Scheme's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

As at 30 June 2021	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
International listed equity securities	<u>407,744</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>407,744</u>
Total	<u>407,744</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>407,744</u>
As at 30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
International listed equity securities	<u>403,738</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>403,738</u>
Total	<u>403,738</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>403,738</u>

(i) *Transfers between levels*

The Scheme's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

Recognised fair value measurement (continued)

(i) Transfers between levels (continued)

There were no transfers between the levels for the year ended 30 June 2021 and year ended 30 June 2020. There were also no changes made to any of the valuation techniques applied as of 30 June 2021.

(ii) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The Scheme did not hold any financial instruments with fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs during the year ended 30 June 2021 or year ended 30 June 2020.

(iii) Valuation processes

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly by management to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as being level 3 securities. Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identification. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation model, management performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Changes in allocation to or from level 3 are analysed at the end of each reporting period.

(iv) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets		
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	94,686	14,729
Financial liabilities		
Net gain/(loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(241)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	<u>94,445</u>	<u>14,729</u>

6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
International listed equity securities	<u>407,744</u>	<u>403,738</u>
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>407,744</u>	<u>403,738</u>

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

7 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

As stipulated within the Scheme's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Scheme and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Scheme. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Scheme.

The Scheme classifies the net assets attributable to unitholders as financial liability as the puttable financial instruments do not satisfy all the criteria set out under AASB 132 (refer to Note 2(c)).

	30 June		Year ended	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	No. '000	No. '000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	112,944	145,371	405,871	513,256
Applications	2,701	3,993	10,758	14,570
Redemptions	(23,687)	(36,809)	(94,069)	(136,452)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	3	389	16	1,397
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	94,371	13,100
Closing balance	91,961	112,944	416,947	405,871

Capital risk management

The Scheme considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a financial liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Scheme is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Scheme's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Scheme Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

8 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions paid/payable for the year were as follows:

	30 June		Year ended	
	2021	2021	2020	2020
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000	CPU
Distributions paid (31 January)*	-	-	127	0.51
Distributions paid (30 June)	16	0.09	1,397	5.15
Distributions payable (30 June)	70	0.09	4,395	5.15
Total distributions	86		5,919	

*On 31st January 2020, a significant redemption was made by a unit holder which was greater than 5% of the net asset value of the Scheme. Due to this significant redemption, a portion of the withdrawal proceeds represented distributable income to the redeeming unitholder.

9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	6,452	2,266
	6,452	2,266

10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) from operating activities	94,457	19,019
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	170,558	252,055
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(78,798)	(129,643)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(94,445)	(14,729)
Net change in receivables	1,189	(26)
Net change in payables	(1,033)	857
Dividend income reinvested	(139)	(328)
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(280)	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	91,509	127,205
(b) Non-cash financing activities		
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	16	1,397

11 Remuneration of the auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Scheme:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Audit and non audit services - KPMG		
<i>Audit services</i>		
Audit of financial report and compliance plan	16,575	16,575
Total remuneration - KPMG	16,575	16,575

Auditor's remuneration for the Scheme is paid by the Responsible Entity, and has not been re-charged to the Scheme.

12 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Dividends receivable	3,735	3,885
Other receivables	<u>179</u>	<u>1,218</u>
	<u>3,914</u>	<u>5,103</u>

13 Payables

	As at	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Management fees payable	317	318
Other payables	<u>150</u>	<u>1,182</u>
	<u>467</u>	<u>1,500</u>

14 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited (ABN 59 002 123 364). The owner of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited is Standard Life Aberdeen PLC (public limited company) in the United Kingdom.

The directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Hugh Young (Resigned 15 April 2021)
Brett Jollie
Michelle Lopez
Roneel Prasad
Rene Buehlmann (Appointed 15 April 2021)

Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Scheme, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

Key management personnel unitholdings

At 30 June 2021 no key management personnel held units in the Scheme (2020: Nil).

14 Related party transactions (continued)

Key management personnel compensation

The Scheme does not employ personnel in its own right. However it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Scheme and this is considered the Key Management Personnel (the "KMP"). The directors of the Responsible Entity are KMP of that company and have been disclosed above.

The Responsible Entity is entitled to a management fee which is calculated as a proportion of net assets attributable to unitholders.

No compensation is paid to directors or directly by the Scheme to any KMP of the Responsible Entity.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Scheme has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

Other transactions within the Scheme

From time to time directors of the Responsible Entity, or their related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Scheme. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Scheme investors.

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no directors have entered into a material contract with the Scheme since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

Responsible Entity's/Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Scheme's Constitution and the current Product Disclosure Statement for the Scheme, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive management fees monthly of up to 0.98% per annum (2020: 0.98%) of net assets attributable to unitholders.

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Scheme and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Management fees for the year incurred by the Scheme	3,978,180	4,633,786
Management fees for the year payable by the Scheme	317,038	317,825

14 Related party transactions (continued)

Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Scheme (including Responsible Entity, its related parties and other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity), held units in the Scheme as follows:

30 June 2021

	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired/ (disposed) (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme (\$)
Aberdeen Select Investment Actively Hedged International Equities Fund	16,418,482	12,459,491	56,490,956	13.55%	(3,958,991)	11,588

30 June 2020

	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired/ (disposed) (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Scheme (\$)
Aberdeen Select Investment Actively Hedged International Equities Fund	27,589,345	16,418,482	59,000,487	14.54	(11,170,863)	832,967

Investments

The Scheme did not hold any investments in the Responsible Entity or its related parties during the year (2020: Nil).

Units in scheme held by other related parties

At 30 June 2021 no directors of the Responsible Entity held units in the Scheme (2020: Nil).

15 Events occurring after the reporting period

Since the balance sheet date, the associated economic impacts of COVID-19 remain uncertain. As the investments are measured at their 30 June 2021 fair values in the financial report, any volatility in values subsequent to the end of the reporting period is not reflected in the statement of comprehensive income or the statement of financial position. However the current value of investments has been reflected in the current unit price.

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact the financial position of the Scheme disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021 or on the results and cash flows of the Scheme for the year ended on that date.

16 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited, the Responsible Entity of Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International Equities Fund (the "Scheme"):

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 27, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date;
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors draw attention to Note 2(a) to the financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited:



Brett Jollie
Director

Sydney
14 September 2021



Independent Auditor's Report

To the unitholders of Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International Equities Fund

Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of Aberdeen Standard Actively Hedged International Equities Fund (the Scheme).

In our opinion, the accompanying **Financial Report** of the Scheme is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021;
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income;
- Statement of changes in equity, and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies; and
- Directors' Declaration

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme and the Responsible Entity in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in the issuer of the Scheme's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of Aberdeen Standard Investments Australia Limited (the Responsible Entity) are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing and Assurance Standards Board* website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

KPMG

Andrew Reeves
Partner

Sydney
14 September

Directory

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