

abrdn Sustainable International Equities Fund

Summary

Our abrdn Sustainable International Equities Fund contains high-quality companies that have been identified through our bottom-up equity research process which takes into consideration the sustainability of the business in its broadest sense and the company's environmental, social and governance (ESG) performance. Within our equity investment process, every company that we invest in is given, via a qualitative assessment, a proprietary overall Quality rating. A key component of this is the **ESG Quality rating**, which enables the portfolio managers to identify sustainable leaders and improvers and to build well- diversified, risk-adjusted portfolios.

To complement our bottom-up research, the portfolio managers also use our proprietary **ESG House Score**, which is primarily a quantitative assessment, to identify and exclude those companies exposed to the highest ESG risks. Finally, binary exclusions are applied to exclude the particular areas of investment detailed below.

The Fund is managed under the abrdn Australian Sustainable Framework built on the framework abrdn group has developed under SFDR (the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation) and therefore promotes Environmental & Social characteristics and investments that follow good governance practices.

The Investment Framework

There are three core principles which underpin our Sustainable investment approach and the time we dedicate to ESG analysis as part of our overall equity research process:



ESG factors are financially material, and impact corporate performance.



Understanding ESG risks and opportunities alongside other financial metrics allows us to make better investment decisions.



Informed and constructive engagement helps foster better companies, enhancing the value of our clients' investments.



As part of their company research, our stock analysts evaluate the ownership structures, governance and management quality of the companies they cover. They also assess potential environmental and social risks that the companies may face. These insights are captured in our company research notes.



Our stock analysts work closely with dedicated ESG specialists who sit within each regional investment team and provide industry-leading expertise and insight at the company level. These specialists also mediate the insights developed by our central ESG Investment team to the stock analysts, as well as interpret and contextualise sector and company insights.



Our central ESG investment team provides thought leadership, thematic and global sector insights, as well as event-driven research. The team is also heavily involved in the stewardship of our investments and supports company engagement meetings where appropriate.

To measure financial performance, the fund's reference index is the MSCI All Countries World ex Australia Index. The Fund aims to outperform the index (before fees and costs). While the index is representative of the investment opportunities we explore for the Fund, the index is not constructed using any environmental, social or governance criteria.

ESG Assessment Criteria

The Fund uses a number of ESG Assessment Criteria:

Identifying Sustainable Leaders and Improvers

We use our proprietary research framework to identify companies which we believe to be sustainable leaders or improvers.

Sustainable leaders are viewed as companies with the best in class ESG credentials or products and services which address global environmental and societal challenges, whilst improvers are typically companies with average governance, ESG management practices and disclosure with potential for improvement.

Within our equity investment process, for all companies under coverage we analyse the foundations of each

business to ensure proper context for our investments. This includes the durability of its business model, the attractiveness of its industry, the strength of its financials and the sustainability of its economic moat. We also consider the quality of its management team and analyse the environmental, social and governance (ESG) opportunities and risks impacting the business and appraise how well these are managed. We assign a proprietary score (1 indicates best in class and 5 indicates laggard) to articulate the quality attributes of each company. The ESG Quality rating is an important consideration in assessing whether a stock is a sustainable leader or improver.

Companies eligible for inclusion in the Fund must be rated 3 or better on ESG Quality.

5 key components of Quality assessed by abrdn's analysts for all companies under coverage						
Industry	Business	Business Model		Management	Financial Strength	
Analyst ESG Rating	1	2	3	4	5	
	Best in Class —					
Examples of Inputs	Strong Corporate Governance	Good Corporate Governance	Governance is generally good but some minor concerns	Known governance issues/poor treatment of minority shareholders	Severe governance concerns	
	Strong management of the most material E&S risks, and revenue growth from E&S opportunities	Strong management of the most material E&S risks, and revenues from E&S opportunities	Mixed management of E&S risks	Limited oversight of key ESG Issues	Poor treatment of minority shareholders	
	Excellent disclosure	Good disclosure	Disclosure in line with regulatory requirements	Evidence of some financial material controversies	Many financially material controversie	

ESG House Score

Our proprietary ESG House Score, developed by our central ESG investment team in collaboration with the Quantitative investment team, is used to identify companies with potentially high or poorly managed ESG risks. The score is calculated by combining a variety of data inputs within a proprietary framework in which different ESG factors are weighted according to how material they are for each sector. This allows us to see how companies rank in a global context.

The abrdn ESG House Score was designed so that it can be broken down into specific themes and categories. The ESG score comprises of two scores; the Operational score and Governance score. This allows a quick view of a company's relative positioning on its management of ESG issues at a granular level.

- The Governance score assesses the corporate governance structure and the quality and behaviour of corporate leadership and executive management.
- The Operational score assesses the ability of the company's leadership team to implement effective environmental and social risk reduction and mitigation strategies in its operations.

To complement this we also utilise our active stewardship and engagement activities.

The Fund looks to exclude at least the bottom 10% of companies with the lowest ESG House Score in the benchmark. If investing in a company that is not in the benchmark, the company must have an ESG House Score that is equal to or higher than the minimum acceptable score within the benchmark.

ESG Commitments

The Fund has the following two ESG commitments:

- ESG Rating The Fund will target an ESG rating that is better than or equal to the benchmark measured by the MSCI ESG rating (CCC-AAA) based on the weighted average of each companies MSCI ESG rating.
- Carbon Footprint The Fund will target a Carbon Intensity that is at least 20% lower than the benchmark, as measured by the abrdn Carbon Footprint Tool (which uses Trucost data for Scope 1&2 emissions). This tool enables analysis of company, sector, and the overall portfolio's carbon footprint.

If the Fund falls behind in these commitments it will normally be corrected within a month, but up to 3 months is permitted to allow for market movements.







Exclusions and Restrictions Criteria

The Fund targets to exclude at least 20% of the Fund's benchmark investable universe, through a combination of in-house proprietary scoring tools, and we use negative criteria to avoid investing in certain industries and activities that our customers are concerned with. The fund avoids investing in areas that are set out in the table below:



For more details please visit our website at www.abrdn.com/au under 'Sustainable Investing' where we have position statements on various ESG-related issues.

Screen	Criteria		
	The Fund excludes investments that:	Data Source	
UN Global Compact ¹	Fail to uphold one or more principles.	We utilise a combination of external data sources, including MSCI and our own internal research and insights, as well as sustained engagement.	
State-owned enterprises	Are majority state-owned enterprises in countries subject to international sanctions or that materially violate universal basic principles.	MSCI We utilise a combination of external datasources, including MSCI and our own internal research and insight	
Weapons ^{3,4}	Have any tie to controversial weapons covering; cluster munitions, anti-personnellandmines, nuclear weapons, chemical and biological weapons, white phosphorus, non-detectable fragments, incendiary devices, depleted uranium ammunition or blinding lasers.		
	Have any revenue contribution from conventional weapons or weapons systems.	MSCI	
Tobacco ⁵	Have a revenue contribution of 5% or more from tobacco wholesale trading or any revenue contribution from tobacco manufacturers.	MSCI	
Gambling ⁶	Have a revenue contribution of 5% or more from gambling.	MSCI	
Thermal Coal	Have any revenue exposure to thermal coal extraction and power generation and are directly investing in new thermal coal capacity	MSCI, investment research	
Unconventional Oil and Gas Extraction	Have any revenue contribution of 5% or more from unconventional oil and gas extraction, or are investing in new unconventional extraction capacity in their own operations.	MSCI	
Conventional Oil and Gas ⁷	Are primarily involved in conventional oil and gas extraction and do not have a significant revenue (at least 40%) contribution from natural gas or renewable alternatives or are investing in new unconventional extraction capacity in their own operations.	MSCI, investment research	
	Are directly involved in electricity generation which has a carbon emission intensity inconsistent with the Paris Agreement 2 degrees scenario.		
Electricity	Are investing in new thermal coal or nuclear electricity generation capacity in their own operations.		
Generation and alignment with Transition Pathway	Until 2025, electricity utilities with a carbon intensity lower than the annual thresholds below and that are not structurally increasing nuclear-based power generation capacity, are eligible: (Max q.CO2/kWh 374 in 2022; 354 in 2023; 335 in 2024; and 315 in 2025).	Trucost, MSCI	

 $^{{\}color{blue}1} \textbf{ Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact https://www.unglobalcompact.org/what-is-gc/mission/principles}$







² As part of the research, we examine a number of environmental, social, governance and political (ESGP) factors within our research. Our ESGP framework rates countries on 18 indicators across the four pillars – environmental, social, governance and political. The ESGP scores provide useful information for identifying long-term factors and tendencies that might not be fully factored into sovereign bond spreads.

 $^{^3}$ https://www.msci.com/eqb/methodology/meth_docs/MSCI_Global_ex_Controversial_Weapons_Indexes_Methodology_Nov2019.pdf

 $^{^{4}\,\}text{The UN Programme of Action on Small Arms and Light Weapons (PoA)}\,\text{and the Arms Trade Treaty (ATT)}.$

⁵This is supported by the MPOWER strategy developed in 2007 by the WHO to cut tobacco use and raise taxes on tobacco products.

⁶MSCI Values Based Exclusion Criteria on Gambling https://www.msci.com/documents/10199/976914bf-6433-5f5b-e58b-4bf896eb6f25

 $^{^{7} \, \}text{https://www.febelfin.be/sites/default/files/2019-02/quality_standard_-_sustainable_financial_products.pdf}$

The above sets out the screens that are applied for this Fund. We cannot exhaustively list screens that are not applied and it is important for investors to be clear that the interpretation of ESG and sustainability criteria is subjective, meaning that the Fund may invest in companies which do not align with the personal views of individual investors.

Investment in financial derivative instruments, money market instruments and cash may not adhere to this approach.

Active Stewardship

Active Ownership

In our view, good governance and stewardship are vital to safeguard the way in which a company is managed and to ensure that it operates responsibly in relation to its customer, employees, shareholders, and the wider community. We also believe that markets and companies which adopt best practices in corporate governance and risk management – including the management of environmental and social risks – are more likely to deliver sustainable, long-term investment performance.

As owners of companies, the process of stewardship is a natural part of our investment approach as we seek to benefit from their long-term success on our clients' behalf. Our fund managers and analysts regularly meet with the management and non-executive directors of companies in which we invest.

Voting

Voting analysis is carried out for all general meetings in actively-held companies. Vote instructions on our holdings are decided by analysts in our regional and ESG investment teams. We subscribe to proxy research providers IVIS (Institutional Voting Information Service) and ISS (Institutional Shareholder Services) and use their research to support our own analysis rather than automatically following recommendations of any third party. Our decisions will reflect our knowledge of companies, and insights gained through engagement. The involvement of our investment managers in voting decisions allows us to ensure proxy voting remains an integral part of the investment process.

Our fixed income votes are decided directly by the relevant investment analyst on for the holding.

For more information visit abrdn.com/au

abrdn.com

ESG Engagement

Engagement with company management teams is key and a standard part of our equity investment process and ongoing stewardship programme. It provides us with a more holistic view of a company, including current and future ESG risks that the firm needs to manage and opportunities from which it may benefit. It also provides the opportunity for us to discuss areas of concern, share best practice and drive positive change. Priorities for engagement are established by:

- The use of the ESG House Score, in combination with
- Bottom-up research insights from investment teams across asset classes, and
- Areas of thematic focus from our company level stewardship activities.

Divestment approach

Disinvestment from companies is required:

- If it becomes in breach of any of the negative or norms based screens
 - The ESG Quality rating falls below 3
 - •If it no longer meets the ESG House Score hurdle. Should the review of a security result in it being deemed non-compliant, the intention would be to exit as soon as is practicably possible, but generally never longer than 3 months, allowing for market conditions.

For more information

If you have any questions or would like more information about abrdn Australia Limited or the Fund, you can contact us in the following ways:

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